Ŵ	ORLD <mark>PAC ::::j</mark> iilityn		SAFET	/ DA	TA SHEE	Т	Page 1 of 6 WP-955
Prep	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOH	SC, WHMIS, 2001/58	& 1272/2008/EC Standard	ls	SDS Revision: 2.0	SDS Revision	Date: 12/31/2013
		1. PRC	DUCT & COM	PANY I	DENTIFICATION	1	
1.1	Product Name:	BOSCH L	EAD-ACID BA	TTERY			
1.2	Chemical Name:	Lead Acid (We	the second as access and the second state				
1.3	Synonyms:	NA					
.4	Trade Names:	Bosch Lead-Ac	id Battery				
.5	Product Use:	Automotive Bat					
.6	Distributor's Name:	Worldpac, Inc.	town to the second of the second second				
1.7	Distributor's Address:		Street, Newark, CA 94				
1.8	Emergency Phone:	The state of the success of the Decision and	The second se		52) 323-3500 (CON	TRACT 84261)	
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:	+1 (510) 608-5	525 / +1 (510) 742-926	2			
			2. HAZARDS I	DENTIF	ICATION		
2.1	Hazard Identification:	classification cr DANGER! H/ DAMAGE. Hazard Stateme eye damage. Precautionary P264 - Wash handling. P2 SWALLOWED: hair): Remove/ P363 - Wash cr to fresh air and POISON CENT water for severa	iteria of [NOHSC: 1088 ARMFUL IF SWALLO ants (H): H302 – Harmi Statements (P): P26 hands and exposed s 280 – Wear protect Rinse mouth. Do NOT Fake off immediately a ontaminated clothing b keep at rest in a posit ER or doctor/physician al minutes. Remove con ocked up. P501 - Disp cility (TSDF).	(2004)] an WED. C/ ful if swallo 0 - Do no kin areas tive glove Γ induce vo ill contamin efore reuse ion comfor . P305+P3 ntact lense ose of con	AUSE and as dangerous go d ADG Code (Australia). AUSES SEVERE SKIN wed. H314 – Causes se to breathe dust/fume/ga with soap and warm w s/eye protection. P30 miting. P303+P361+P3 nated clothing. Rinse ski able for breathing. P310 (51+P338 - IF IN EYES: s if present and easy to o tents/container to license	BURNS AND EYE vere skins burns and s/mist/vapours/spray ater thoroughly afte 1+P330+P331 - If 53 - IF ON SKIN (o n with water/shower LED: Remove victin 0 - Immediately call a Rinse cautiously with to - continue rinsing es treatment, storage	
2	Effects of Exposure:	Eyes:	Severe irritation, burns	s, cornea d	amage, blindness. Lead	compounds may cau	ise irritation.
		Skin: Ingestion:	compounds may caus	itation of m se abdomin	nouth, throat, esophagus nal pain, nausea, vomiti		
		Inhalation:		cid vapors	or mists may cause seven or mists may cause seven of upper respiratory train		on. Inhalation of lea
2.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Eyes:			atering, damage to corne	and an owned the second s	ness.
		Skin:			skin, burns and ulceration		
		Ingestion:			iting and headache. Syn appetite, muscular aches		
			irritability.	11, 1055 01 6	appelle, muscular aches	s and weakness, sie	ep disturbances, ai
		Inhalation:	Strand a Contraction of the second seco	the upper	respiratory system. Ove	erexposure to sprays	s or mists may caus
		_	chemical pneumonitis				
.4	Acute Health Effects:		osure can occur only maged to create dust,		duct is heated above t	he melting point, o	xidized or otherwis
.5	Chronic Health Effects:	Possible erosic	on of tooth enamel; i	inflammatio	n of nose, throat, and idney damage; reproduc		
.6	Target Organs:	Lungs upper re	spiratory tract, skin.				
		3. COMPO	DSITION & ING	REDIE	NT INFORMATI		2
				-	ACGIH NOHSC	URE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/n OSHA	n*)
					ppm ppm	ppm	
10.14	CAL NAME(S)			, T	ES- ES-	ES-	
		CAS No. RTECS 7439-92-1 OF752			TLV STEL TWA STEL D.05) NA NF (0.15)	PEAK PEL STEL NF (0.05) NA	IDLH OTHER 100 (0.05) NIOSH
EAD			1201-100-4				1000/110011
JI FI	IRICACID E	7664-93-9 WS56	00000 231-639-5	30-60 (0.2) (3) (1) NF	NF (1) (3)	(15)
5-11		Skin Corr. 1A; H314	001 110 5	044 1	0.5) NA NF (0.5)		50
		7440-36-0 CC402	25000 231-146-5	0.1-1 (NF (0.5) NA	50
NTIN	ONY	7440-38-2 CG05			0.01) NA NF (0.05)	NF (0.01) NA	5 (0.002) NIOSH

NA = Not Available; ND = Not Determined; NE = Not Established; NF = Not Found; C = Ceiling Limit; See Section 16 for Additional Definitions of Terms Used NOTE: All WHMIS required information is included. It is located in appropriate sections based on the ANSI Z400.1-2010 format.

Page 2 of 6 WORLDPAC ::: illing SAFETY DATA SHEET WP-955 Prepared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHSC, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013 3. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION - cont'd EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³) ACGIH NOHSC OSHA ppm ppm ppm ES. ES. ES. CHEMICAL NAME(S) TLV STEL PEAK PEL STEL CAS No. RTECS No. EINECS No. TWA STEL IDLH OTHER 7440-31-5 XP7320000 231-141-8 0.1-1 NA (0.1) NF NF NA NA (100) (0.2)TIN 7440-70-2 NA 231-179-5 ≤ 0,1 NA NA NF NF NF NA NA NA CALCIUM 4. FIRST AID MEASURES 4.1 First Aid Ingestion: Give large quantities of water, but do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact Infotrac +1 (800) 535-5053 or the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration If product gets in the eyes, flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 Eyes: minutes, holding evelid(s) open to ensure complete flushing. If the eves or face become swollen during or following use, consult a physician or emergency room immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If discomfort persists Skin: and/or the skin reaction worsens, contact a physician immediately. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned. Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air at once. Under extreme conditions, if breathing stops, perform artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention. 4.2 Medical Conditions Aggravated by Overexposure to sulfuric acid mist may cause lung damage and HEALTH 3 Exposure aggravate pulmonary conditions. Contact of electrolyte (water FLAMMABILITY 0 and sulfuric acid solution) with skin may aggravate skin diseases PHYSICAL HAZARDS 2 such as eczema and contact dermatitis. Contact of electrolyte (water and sulfuric acid solution) with eyes may damage cornea **PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT** В and/or cause blindness. Lead and its compounds can aggravate EYES SKIN some forms of kidney, liver, and neurologic diseases. 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES Fire & Explosion Hazards: In operation, batteries generate and release flammable hydrogen gas. They must always be 5.1 assumed to contain this gas which, if ignited by burning cigarette, naked flame or spark, may cause battery explosion with dispersion of casing fragments and corrosive liquid electrolyte. Carefully follow manufacturer's instructions for installation and service. Keep away all sources of gas ignition and do not allow metallic articles to simultaneously contact the negative and positive terminals of a battery. Extinguishing Methods: 5.2 Water, Foam, CO2, Dry Chemical, low velocity water fog, Halon (if permitted), 53 Firefighting Procedures: As with any fire, firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment including a MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Treat as hot oil. Hazardous decomposition products may be released. Thermal degradation may produce oxides of carbon, and/or nitrogen, hydrocarbons and/or derivatives. Fire should be fought from a safe distance. Keep containers cool until well after the fire is out. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personal. Fight fire upwind. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural waterway. 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective 6.1 Spills Equipment (PPE). Use safety glasses or safety goggles and face shield; use gloves and other protective clothing (e.g., apron, boots, etc.) to prevent skin contact. Wear acid-resistant clothing, boots, gloves, and face shield. Small Spills: Wear appropriate protective equipment including gloves and protective eyewear. Use a noncombustible, inert material such as vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. If possible, carefully neutralize spilled electrolyte with soda ash, sodium bicarbonate, lime, etc. Large Spills: Keep incompatible materials (e.g., oxidizers, strong alkalis) away from spill. Stay upwind and away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out of area. Stop spill or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Recover as much free liquid as possible and collect in acid-resistant container. Use absorbent to pick up residue. Avoid discharging liquid directly into a sewer or surface waters. Neutralized acid must be managed in accordance with approved local, state, and federal requirements. Consult state environmental agency and/or federal EPA.

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Prep	ared to OSHA, ACC, ANSI, NOHS	C, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 1272/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Da	ate: 12/31/2013		
		7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION			
7.1	Work & Hygiene Practices:	Store batteries under roof in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas that are separated from incompatible	e materials and fro		
		activities that may create flames, spark, or heat. Store on smooth, impervious surfaces that measures for liquid containment in the event of electrolyte spills. Keep away from metallic objet the terminals on a battery and create a dangerous short-circuit. Handle carefully and avoid tippi electrolyte leakage. Single batteries pose no risk of electric shock but there may be increasing from strings of connected batteries exceeding three 12-volt units.	at are provided wi cts that could bridg ng, which may allo		
7.2	Storage & Handling:	Use and store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location (e.g., local exhaust ventilation, fans) away sunlight. Store in closed containers. Avoid temperatures above 40°C (120°F). Keep awa substances (see Section 10). Protect containers from physical damage.			
7.3	Special Precautions:	There is a possible risk of electric shock from charging equipment and from strings of series whether or not being charged. Shut-off power to chargers whenever not in use and before detact connections. Batteries being charged will generate and release flammable hydrogen gas. Charg ventilated. Keep battery vent caps in position. Prohibit smoking and avoid creation of flames Wear face and eye protection when near batteries being charged.	chment of any circu ing space should b		
	8.	EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION			
8.1	Ventilation & Engineering Controls:	Use local or general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of vapors or mist generated from the handling of this product. Ensure appropriate decontamination equipment is available (e.g., sink, safety shower, aye-wash station). In areas where water and sulfuric acid solutions are handled in concentrations greater than 1%, mergency eyewash stations and showers should be provided, with unlimited water supply.			
8.2	Respiratory Protection:	No special respiratory protection is required under typical circumstances of use or handling. In instances where vapors or sprays of this product are generated, and respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized by 29 CFR §1910.134, applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian CAS Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces, EC member States, or Australia.			
8.3	Eye Protection:	Avoid eye contact. Safety glasses with side shields must be used when handling or using this product. A protective face shield is also recommended. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EU).	9		
8.4	Hand Protection:	Wear protective, chemical-resistant gloves (e.g., neoprene, nitrile) when using or handling this product. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product.			
8.5	Body Protection:	Not required under normal conditions of use. A chemical resistant apron and/or protective clothing are recommended when handling or using large quantities (e.g., > 5 gallons (18.9 L)) of this product. Protective working garments should meet EU Standard EN 344 or equivalent.			
		9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES			
9.1	Appearance:				
9.2	Odor.	A clear liquid with a sharp, penetrating, pungent odor. A battery is a manufactured article; no app	arent odor		
.3	Odor Threshold:	NA			
.4	pH:	NA			
.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA			
.6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	≥ 95 °C (≥ 203 °F)			
.7	Flashpoint:	NA NA			
9.8	Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	LEL: 4.1%, UEL: 74.2%			
9.9	Vapor Pressure:	NA			
9.10	Vapor Density:	> 1.0 (air=1.0)			
.11	Relative Density:	1.230-1.350			
.12	Solubility:	NA			

Viscosity:

9.17 Other Information:

9.13 Partition Coefficient (log Pow):

9.15 Decomposition Temperature:

9.14 Autoignition Temperature:

NA

NA

NA

NA

NA

NA

9.16

WO	RL	DP	AC	7.4	Millio

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SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013

Prep	ared to USHA, ACC, ANSI, NUHS	C, WHMIS, 2001/58 & 12/2/2008/EC Standards SDS Revision: 2.0 SDS Revision Date: 12/31/2013
		10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY
10.1	Stability:	This product is stable under normal storage and use conditions.
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Sulfur trioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfuric acid mist, sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide. Temperatures above the
		melting point are likely to produce toxic metal fume, vapor, or dust; contact with strong acid or base or presence
		nascent hydrogen may generate highly toxic arsine gas.
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Prolonged overcharge at high current; sources of ignition.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	<u>Sulfuric Acid</u> : Contact with combustibles and organic materials may cause fire and explosion. Also reacts violent with strong reducing agents, metals, sulfur trioxide gas, strong oxidizers, and water. Contact with metals may produce toxic sulfur dioxide fumes and may release flammable hydrogen gas. <u>Lead Compounds</u> : Avoid contact with strong acids, bases, halides, halogenates, potassium nitrate, permanganat
_		peroxides, nascent hydrogen, and reducing agents.
		11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1	Routes of Entry:	Inhalation: YES Absorption: YES Ingestion: YES
11.2	Toxicity Data:	This product has not been tested on animals to obtain toxicological data. Toxicology data for some of the
		components in this mixture, found in scientific literature, are presented below:
		Sulfuric Acid: LD ₅₀ (oral, rat): 2,140 mg/kg; Arsenic: LD50 (oral, rat): 763 ppm; Lead: LD ₅₀ (oral, rat): 7000 ppm
11.3	Acute Toxicity:	See section 2.4. Severe skin irritation, damage to cornea may cause blindness, upper respiratory irritation.
11.4	Chronic Toxicity:	See section 2.5.
11.5	Suspected Carcinogen:	The National Toxicology Program (NTP) and the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has
		classified "strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid" as a substance that is carcinogenic to humans. Th
		classification does not apply to sulfuric acid solutions in static liquid state or to electrolyte in batteries. Batteri
		subjected to abusive charging at excessively high currents for prolonged periods of time without vent caps in plan
		may create a surrounding atmosphere of the offensive strong inorganic acid mist containing sulfuric acid. Lead
		listed as a 2B carcinogen, likely in animals at extreme doses. Proof of carcinogenicity in humans is lacking
		present. <u>Arsenic</u> is listed by International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), OSHA and NIOSH as carcinogen only after prolonged exposure at high levels
11.6	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive toxicity in humans.
	Mutagenicity:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive toxicity in runnans.
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.
	Teratogenicity:	This product is not reported to cause teratogenic effects in humans.
	Reproductive Toxicity:	This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans.
11.7	Irritancy of Product:	See Section 2.3
11.8	Biological Exposure Indices:	NA
11.9	Physician Recommendations:	Treat symptomatically.
		12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
12.1	Environmental Stability:	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	No data available.
12.3	Effects on Aquatic Life:	Sulfuric Acid: LC ₅₀ (Gambusia affinis (fish), 96h): 42 mg/L. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
		13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
3.1	Waste Disposal:	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial and local regulations.
3.2	Special Considerations:	Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Contact a licensed professional was
		disposal service to dispose of this material. Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in
		chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber.
1		14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION ping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CF
The b	asic description (ID Number proper abies	
	asic description (ID Number, proper ship CAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the	CTDGR.
ATA/I		UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III
ATA/I 14.1	CAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the	
ATA/I 14.1 14.2	CAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the 49 CFR (GND):	UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III
ATA/I 14.1 14.2 14.3	CAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the 49 CFR (GND): IATA (AIR):	UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III
IATA/I 14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5	CAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the (49 CFR (GND): IATA (AIR): IMDG (OCN): TDGR (Canadian GND): ADR/RID (EU):	UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III
	CAO, IMDG, SCT, ADGT, ADR and the (49 CFR (GND): IATA (AIR): IMDG (OCN): TDGR (Canadian GND):	UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III UN2794, BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, III

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			355 Revision 2.0 355 Revision Bale, 12/3 //2013
		15. REGULATORY	(INFORMATION
15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:		d, Antimony, and Arsenic, substances subject to Section 313 reporting
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:	NA	
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:	All components of this product are listed in t	he TSCA Inventory or are exempt.
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Sulfuric Acid: 1,000 lbs (454 kg); Antimony:	5,000 lbs (2,270 kg); Lead: 10 lbs (4.54 kg)
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:		
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:	Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains components of this product are listed on	g to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products all of the information required by the CPR. The the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this es List. WHMIS E, D2B (Other Toxic Effects).
15.7	State Regulatory Information:	Massachusetts Hazardous Substances L Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to Right-to-Know List (PA), and Washington Po <u>Sulfuric Acid</u> is found on the following state or <u>Tin</u> is found on the following state criteria lis <u>Antimony</u> is found on the following state criteri <u>Calcium</u> is found on the following state criteri <u>Calcium</u> is found on the following state criteri <u>Calcium</u> is found on the following state criteri nis product contains <u>Lead</u> , a substance reproductive harm. No other ingredients in this product, present criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA), List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances Lis Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous S	criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. ts: FL, MA, MN, PA, WA eria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. ia lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WA. ria lists: FL, MA, and PA. known to the State of California of causing cancer, birth defects or other t in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the following state , Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances st (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to- ubstances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Washington
15.8	Other Requirements:	of contact with eyes, rinse immediately wit	ted in Annex I of EU Directive 67/548/EEC. s. locked up and out of the reach of children. In case h plenty of water and seek medical advice. Never cident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice
		16. OTHER INI	EORMATION
16.1	Other Information:	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR STATES	CAUSES SEVERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE.
		Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours thoroughly after handling. Wear protectiv vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Ta IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF	//spray. Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water e gloves/eye protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce ake off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Ind keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact rinsing. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.	
16.3	Disclaimer:	government regulations must be reviewed knowledge, the information contained herei completeness is not guaranteed and no information contained herein relates only to component properties must be considered, edition.	to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Worldpac's in is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest
16.4	Prepared for:	Worldpac, Inc. 37137 Hickory Street Newark, CA 94560 USA Tel: +1 (510) 608-5525 Fax: +1 (510) 742-9262 http://www.worldpac.com	WORLDPAC
16.5	Prepared by:	ShipMate, Inc. P.O. Box 787 Sisters, OR 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 http://www.shipmate.com	ShipMate Dangerman Greeds Training & Consulting

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DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following: GENERAL INFORMATION:

CAS No. Chemical Abstract Service Number

EXPOSURE L	IMITS IN AIR:
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ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
OSHA	U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health

FIRST AID MEASURES:

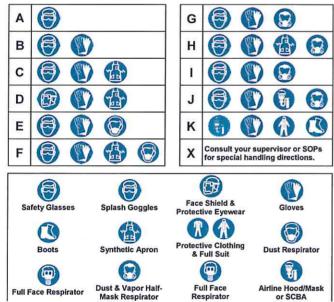
bed receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood provide oxygen to the body.
0

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM: HMIS

HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard	HEALTH
1	Slight Hazard	FLAMMABILITY
2	Moderate Hazard	PHYSICAL HAZARDS
3	Severe Hazard	PERSONAL PROTECTIO
4	Extreme Hazard	

PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:



OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

NA	Not Available
NR	No Results
NE	Not Established
ND	Not Determined
ML	Maximum Limit
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILI'	TY LIMITS IN AIR:
Autoignition Temperature	Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source

AZARDR	A TINGS:	
0	Minimal Hazard	-
1	Slight Hazard	
2	Moderate Hazard	
3	Severe Hazard	
4	Extreme Hazard	
ACD	Acidic	
ALK	Alkaline	
COR	Corrosive	
₩	Use No Water	
OX	Oxidizer	



TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

TREFOIL Radioactive

LD ₅₀	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals s
LC50	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts
TD _{io}	Lowest dose to cause a symptom
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom
TD _{Io} , LD _{Io} , & LD _o or TC, TC _o , LC _{Io} , & LC _o	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
TLm	Median threshold limit
log Kow or log Koc	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System	
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation	
TC	Transport Canada	
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	
DSL	Canadian Domestic Substance List	
NDSL	Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List	
PSL	Canadian Priority Substances List	
TSCA	U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act	
EU	European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)	
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)	

WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

0	۲	٨		1	۲		R
Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive

EC (67/548/EEC) INFORMATION:

T-W		M	to	0	**	×	×
с	E	F	N	0	т	Xi	Xn
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:

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GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environment



Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Battery Acid	Manufacturer/Supplier: Johnson Controls Battery Group
Synonyms: Battery Electrolyte (Acid) , Sulfuric Acid	Address:
(Dilute)	P.O. Box 590
	Milwaukee, Wi 53201 US
General Information Number: (800)-333-2222 ext. 3138	Emergency number: CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300
Contact Person: Industrial Hygiene & Safety Department	

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Health		Physica	I
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1	Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1		
Carcinogenicity	Category 1A		
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 Respiratory Tract irritation		

Label Elements:

DANGER!
May be corrosive to metals.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause cancer
May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary Statement

Prevention	Do not breathe vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner line. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS (Chemical/Common Names):	CAS No.:	% by Wt:
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute)	7664-93-9	~35

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Skin contact	Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by treated a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. DO not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into lungs.
Most important	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. May cause severe irritation or burns to the eyes, skin,
symptoms/effects,	gastrointestinal tract, and respiratory system. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include
acute and delayed	stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.
Indication of immediate	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: flush with water
medical attention and	immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected areas. Call an
special treatment needed	ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	Powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Firefighting equipment/ instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods General fire hazards	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted. Not flammable, but reacts with most metals to form flammable hydrogen gas.

6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions,	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low
protective equipment,	areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or

and emergency preparedness Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. Large spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand, or earth and place in containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.
	Small spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses, or onto the ground.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling	Do not breathe vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial practices.
Storage	Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. (See section 10 of the SDS)
Other	

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational exposure limits

US OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Ingredient	CAS Number	Туре	Value
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute)	7664-93-9	PEL	1 mg/m ³

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Ingredient	CAS Number	Туре	Value	Form
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute)	7664-93-9	TWA	0.2 mg/m ³	Thoracic Fractions

US NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Ingredient	CAS Number	Туре	Value
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute)	7664-93-9	TWA	1 mg/m³

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Engineering Controls (Ventilation):

Good ventilation required (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewashes station.

Respiratory Protection:

NONE REQUIRED UNDER NORMAL HANDLING CONDITIONS

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Use a positivepressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Skin Protection:

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves and clothing.

Eye Protection:

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Face shield is recommended.

General Hygiene Considerations:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Color Odor Odor Threshold pH Melting Point Boiling Point Flash Point Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) Flammability Upper/lower flammability	Liquid Clear/cloudy liquid Slightly acid Not available Not available -79.6 °F / -62 °C 230 °F / 110 °C Not available Not determined Not available
or explosive limits	Not available
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg @ 20 ° C)	11.7
Vapor Density	3.4 (Air = 1)
Relative Density	1.285
Solubility	100%
% Volatile by Weight	0%
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Stability Conditions to Avoid	This product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage, and transport. Material is stable under normal conditions. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and/or hot surfaces. No smoking. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatibility (materials to avoid)	Strong reducing agents. Reacts with organic materials. Combustibles. Metals. Carbides. Nitrates.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Sulfur dioxide (SO2) Sulfur trioxide. Hydrogen.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE		
Inhalation	Corrosive. Inhalation produces damaging effects on the mucous membranes and upper respiratory	
	tract. Inhalation of vapors may cause lung edema. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
Skin Contact	Causes severe skins burns. Prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis.	

Eye Contact	Causes serious eye damage	
Ingestion	Causes digestive tract burns.	
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical, and toxicological characteristics	Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. May cause severe irritation or burns to the eyes, skin, gastrointestinal tract, and respiratory system. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result.	
Acuto Effecto		N TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS
Acute Effects Chronic Effects	Prolonged inhalation may be l	substance or mixture may cause adverse effects. harmful. Sulfuric acid fumes: Prolonged, repeated exposure to acid nic bronchitis, irritation of skin, mucous membranes and sion of the teeth.
Toxicological Data		
Constituents	Species	Test Results
Sulfuric Acid absorbed in glas	ss-fiber material (CAS 7664-93-9)
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	2140 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes severe skin burns	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes severe skin burns	
Respiratory Sensitization	No data available	
Skin Sensitization	Not a skin sensitizer	
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	No data available to indicate p mutagenic or genotoxic	product or any components present a greater than 0.1% are
	CARC	CINOGENICITY
Mist: May cause cancer by in		
ACGIH Group A2 (Suspected IARC Monographs. Overall E Sulfuric Acid (CAS 7664-93-9) NTP Report on Carcinogens	valuation of Carcinogenicity	1 Carcinogenic to humans
Sulfuric Acid (CAS 7664-93-9)		Known to be a Human Carcinogen.
	/ Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-	-
Not listed.	•	
Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ	This product is not expected t Not classified	o cause reproductive or developmental effects
toxicity -		
almala avecasiva		

single exposure	
Specific target organ	Not classified
toxicity -	
repeated exposure	
Aspiration hazard	Not classified.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity	This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and	No data available
Degradability	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available
Mobility in soil	No data available
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects are expected from this component.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazardous waste code:	D002: Corrosive waste
	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer, and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or lines may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal Instructions)
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

United States DOT:	
UN Number	UN2796
UN Proper shipping Name	Battery fluid, acid (Sulfuric acid (Dilute) RQ=2857 lbs)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	8
Packing group	II
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	A3, A7, B2, B15, IB2, N6, N34, T8, TP2, TP12
Packaging exceptions	154
Packaging non bulk	202
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN Number	UN2796
UN Proper shipping Name	Battery fluid, acid (Sulfuric acid (Dilute))
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No
ERG Code	8L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG	
UN Number	UN2796
UN Proper shipping Name	Battery fluid, acid (Sulfuric acid (Dilute))
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	8
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
EmS	F-A, S-B
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS, and emergency procedures before handling.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulations					
All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List					
		•	A Hazard Communicatior	Standard 29 CER 191	0 1200
TSCA		actifica by the OSH		. standard, 25 cm 151	0.1200
TSCA Section 12(b) Expo	ort Notification (4	0 CFR 707, Subpt, D)			
	Not regulated.				
OSHA Specifically Regul	-	29 CFR 1910.1001-1	050)		
. , ,	Not regulated.				
CERCLA Hazardous Subs	stance List (40 CFF	302.4)			
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute)	LISTED				
(CAS 7664-93-9)	LISTED				
Superfund Amendment		•	RA)		
Hazard Categories Immediate Hazard – Yes					
	Delayed Hazard				
	Fire Hazard – N				
	Pressure Hazar				
CADA 202 Extremely be	Reactivity Haza				
SARA 302 Extremely ha		2		Threshold	Threshold
		Reportable	Threshold	Planning Quantity	Planning Quantity
Chemical Name	CAS Number	Quantity	Planning Quantity	– Lower value	– upper value
Sulfuric Acid (dilute)	7664-93-9	1000	1000 lbs		
Section 311/312	Yes				
Hazard Chemical:					
Section 313 (TRI Report	ing)				
Chemical Name		CAS Number		% by weight	
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute)		7664-93-9		~35	
Other federal regulation					
Clean Air Act (CAA) Sect		ıs Air Pollutants (HA	Ps) List		
Not regulated					
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)					
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute) (CAS 7664-93-9)					
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)					
Not regulated Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and					
Chemical Code Number					
	Sulfuric Acid (D	ilute) (CAS 6552			
	, 7664-93-9)				
Drug Enforcement Adm	inistration (DEA).	List 1 & 2 Exempt Ch	nemical Mixtures (21 CFI	R 1310.12(c))	
	Sulfuric Acid (D	ilute) (CAS 20 % W	IV		
	7664-93-9)				
DEA Exempt Chemical N					
	Sulfuric Acid (D	ilute) (CAS 6552			
UC Chata Degulations	7664-93-9)				
US State Regulations US. Massachusetts RTK	- Substanca List				
US. Massachusetts KIK					
	•	ilute) (CAS 7664-93-9	9)		
US New Jersey Worker		-	2		
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute) (CAS 7664-93-9) US Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-know Law					
OS Pennsylvania worke	-	-	3)		
Sulfuric Acid (Dilute) (CAS 7664-93-9) US Rhode Island RTK					
	Sulfuric Acid (D	ilute) (CAS 7664-93-9	9)		
	(-	,,			

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Sulfuric Acid (Dilute) (CAS 7664-93-9)

International Inventories

Country(s) or Region	Inventory Name		
United States & Puerto	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)		
Rico	Inventory		

On inventory (yes/no)*

Yes

* A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Issue Date: Revision Date:	04/01/2015 12/07/2015
Version #:	02
Further information: NFPA ratings	NFPA Hazard Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3=Serious 4 = Severe
Disclaimer	Johnson Controls Battery Group, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this i and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its produc used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and d the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to imprope

and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

information